Product information



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Adrenaline Research ELISA





DEE5100R



96



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Table of contents

1.	Intended use and principle of the test	3
2.	Procedural cautions, guidelines and warnings	3
3.	Storage and stability	4
4.	Materials	4
4.1	Contents of the kit	4
4.2	Calibration and Controls	5
4.3	Additional materials required but not provided in the kit	5
4.4	Additional equipment required but not provided in the kit	5
5.	Sample collection, handling and storage	5
6.	Test procedure	5
6.1	Preparation of reagents and further notes	6
6.2	Sample preparation	6
6.3	Extraction and acylation	6
6.4	Enzymatic Conversion	7
6.5	Adrenaline ELISA	8
7.	Calculation of results	8
7.1	Quality control	8
8.	Assay characteristics	8
SYME	BOLS USED WITH DEMEDITEC ASSAYS	10

Related Product:

- Noradrenaline Research ELISA

1. Intended use and principle of the test

Enzyme Immunoassay for the quantitative determination of adrenaline (epinephrine). Flexible test system for various biological sample types and volumes.

Adrenaline (epinephrine) is extracted by using a cis-diol-specific affinity gel, acylated and then converted enzymatically.

The subsequent competitive ELISA uses the microtiter plate format. The antigen is bound to the solid phase of the microtiter plate. The derivatized standards, controls and samples compete with the solid phase bound analytes for a fixed number of antibody binding sites. After the system is in equilibrium, free antigen and free antigen-antibody complexes are removed by washing. The antibody bound to the solid phase is detected by an anti-rabbit IgG-peroxidase conjugate using TMB as a substrate resulting in a colour reaction. The reaction is monitored at a wavelength of 450 nm.

Quantification of unknown samples is achieved by comparing their absorbance with a reference curve prepared with known standard concentrations.

2. Procedural cautions, guidelines and warnings

- (1) This kit is intended for professional use only. Users should have a thorough understanding of this protocol for the successful use of this kit. Only the test instruction provided with the kit is valid and must be used to run the assay. Reliable performance will only be attained by strict and careful adherence to the instructions provided.
- (2) The principles of Good Laboratory Practice (GLP) must be followed.
- (3) In order to reduce exposure to potentially harmful substances, wear lab coats, disposable protective gloves and protective glasses where necessary.
- (4) All kit reagents and specimens should be brought to room temperature and mixed gently but thoroughly before use. For dilution or reconstitution purposes, use deionized, distilled, or ultrapure water. Avoid repeated freezing and thawing of reagents and specimens.
- (5) The microplate contains snap-off strips. Unused wells must be stored at 2 8 °C in the sealed foil pouch with desiccant and used in the frame provided. Microtiter strips which are removed from the frame for usage should be marked accordingly to avoid any mix-up.
- (6) Duplicate determination of sample is highly recommended.
- Once the test has been started, all steps should be completed without interruption. Make sure that the required reagents, materials, and devices are prepared for use at the appropriate time.
- (8) Incubation times do influence the results. All wells should be handled in the same order and time intervals.
- (9) To avoid cross-contamination of reagents, use new disposable pipette tips for dispensing each reagent, sample, standard and control.
- (10) A standard curve must be established for each run.
- (11) The controls should be included in each run and fall within established confidence limits. The confidence limits are listed in the QC-Report provided with the kit.
- (12) Do not mix kit components with different lot numbers within a test and do not use reagents beyond expiry date as shown on the kit labels.
- (13) Avoid contact with Stop Solution containing 0.25 M H₂SO₄. It may cause skin irritation and burns. In case of contact with eyes or skin, rinse off immediately with water.
- (14) TMB substrate has an irritant effect on skin and mucosa. In case of possible contact, wash eyes with an abundant volume of water and skin with soap and abundant water. Rinse contaminated items before reuse.
- (15) For information about hazardous substances included in the kit please refer to Safety Data Sheet (SDS). The Safety Data Sheet for this product is made available directly on the website of the manufacturer or upon request.
- (16) Kit reagents must be regarded as hazardous waste and disposed of according to national regulations.
- (17) In case of any severe damage to the test kit or components, the manufacturer has to be informed in writing, at the latest, one week after receiving the kit. Severely damaged single components must not be used for a test run. They must be stored properly until the manufacturer decides what to do with them. If it is decided that they are no longer suitable for measurements, they must be disposed of in accordance with national regulations.

3. Storage and stability

Store kit and reagents at $2-8\,^{\circ}\text{C}$ until expiration date. Do not use kit and components beyond the expiry date indicated on the kit labels. Once opened, the reagents are stable for 2 months when stored at $2-8\,^{\circ}\text{C}$. Once the resealable pouch of the ELISA plate has been opened, care should be taken to close it tightly again including the desiccant.

4. Materials

4.1 Contents of the kit

4.1 Contents of			
BA D-0032	Ш 96 Mi	crotiter Plate – ready to use	
Content:	1 x 96 wells, empty in a r	esealable pouch	
BA D-0090	FOILS Ac	Ihesive Foil – ready to use	
Content:	Adhesive foils in a reseal	lable pouch	
Number:	2 x 4 foils		
BA E-0030	WASH-CONC 50x Wa	ash Buffer Concentrate – concentrated 50x	
Content:	Buffer with a non-ionic detergent and physiological pH		
Volume:	1 x 20 ml/vial, purple cap		
BA E-0040	CONJUGATE En	zyme Conjugate – ready to use	
Content:	Goat anti-rabbit immunog	globulins conjugated with peroxidase	
Volume:	1 x 12 ml/vial, red cap		
Description:	Species is goat		
BA E-0055	SUBSTRATE Su	ubstrate – ready to use	
Content:	Chromogenic substrate of and hydrogen peroxide	containing 3,3',5,5'-tetramethylbenzidine, substrate buffer	
Volume:	1 x 12 ml/vial, black cap		
BA E-0080	STOP-SOLN St	op Solution – ready to use	
Content:	0.25 M sulfuric acid		
Volume:	1 x 12 ml/vial, grey cap		
BA E-0131	Ш ADR MN Ac	Irenaline Microtiter Strips – ready to use	
Content:	4 00 -11- (40 0)	and the second and a least of the second and a	
	desiccant	en precoated microwell plate in a resealable blue pouch with	
BA E-5110	desiccant	Irenaline Antiserum – ready to use	
	desiccant ADR-AS Ac		
BA E-5110	desiccant ADR-AS Rabbit anti-adrenaline ar	Irenaline Antiserum – ready to use	
BA E-5110 Content:	ADR-AS Rabbit anti-adrenaline arblue coloured 1 x 6 ml/vial, blue cap	Irenaline Antiserum – ready to use	
BA E-5110 Content: Volume:	ADR-AS Rabbit anti-adrenaline arblue coloured 1 x 6 ml/vial, blue cap Species of antibody is rai	Irenaline Antiserum – ready to use ntibody in buffer with proteins and non-mercury preservative,	
BA E-5110 Content: Volume: Description:	ADR-AS Rabbit anti-adrenaline arblue coloured 1 x 6 ml/vial, blue cap Species of antibody is rai	Irenaline Antiserum – ready to use ntibody in buffer with proteins and non-mercury preservative, bbit, species of protein in buffer is bovine cylation Reagent – ready to use	
BA E-5110 Content: Volume: Description: BA E-6612	ADR-AS Rabbit anti-adrenaline arblue coloured 1 x 6 ml/vial, blue cap Species of antibody is rai ACYL-REAG AC	Irenaline Antiserum – ready to use ntibody in buffer with proteins and non-mercury preservative, bbit, species of protein in buffer is bovine cylation Reagent – ready to use	
BA E-5110 Content: Volume: Description: BA E-6612 Content:	ADR-AS Rabbit anti-adrenaline arblue coloured 1 x 6 ml/vial, blue cap Species of antibody is ra ACYL-REAG Acylation reagent in DMS 1 x 3 ml/vial, white cap	Irenaline Antiserum – ready to use ntibody in buffer with proteins and non-mercury preservative, bbit, species of protein in buffer is bovine cylation Reagent – ready to use	
BA E-5110 Content: Volume: Description: BA E-6612 Content: Volume:	ADR-AS Rabbit anti-adrenaline arblue coloured 1 x 6 ml/vial, blue cap Species of antibody is ra ACYL-REAG Acylation reagent in DMS 1 x 3 ml/vial, white cap	Irenaline Antiserum – ready to use ntibody in buffer with proteins and non-mercury preservative, bbit, species of protein in buffer is bovine cylation Reagent – ready to use	
BA E-5110 Content: Volume: Description: BA E-6612 Content: Volume: BA R-0050	ADR-AS Rabbit anti-adrenaline arblue coloured 1 x 6 ml/vial, blue cap Species of antibody is ra ACYL-REAG Acylation reagent in DMS 1 x 3 ml/vial, white cap ADJUST-BUFF Accelerated Accelerate	Irenaline Antiserum – ready to use ntibody in buffer with proteins and non-mercury preservative, bbit, species of protein in buffer is bovine cylation Reagent – ready to use	
BA E-5110 Content: Volume: Description: BA E-6612 Content: Volume: BA R-0050 Content:	desiccant ADR-AS Rabbit anti-adrenaline arblue coloured 1 x 6 ml/vial, blue cap Species of antibody is race ACYL-REAG Acylation reagent in DMS 1 x 3 ml/vial, white cap ADJUST-BUFF TRIS buffer 1 x 4 ml/vial, green cap	Irenaline Antiserum – ready to use ntibody in buffer with proteins and non-mercury preservative, bbit, species of protein in buffer is bovine cylation Reagent – ready to use	
BA E-5110 Content: Volume: Description: BA E-6612 Content: Volume: BA R-0050 Content: Volume:	desiccant ADR-AS Rabbit anti-adrenaline arblue coloured 1 x 6 ml/vial, blue cap Species of antibody is race ACYL-REAG Acylation reagent in DMS 1 x 3 ml/vial, white cap ADJUST-BUFF TRIS buffer 1 x 4 ml/vial, green cap	Irenaline Antiserum – ready to use htibody in buffer with proteins and non-mercury preservative, bbit, species of protein in buffer is bovine sylation Reagent – ready to use SO Ijustment Buffer – ready to use	
BA E-5110 Content: Volume: Description: BA E-6612 Content: Volume: BA R-0050 Content: Volume: BA R-4617	desiccant ADR-AS Rabbit anti-adrenaline arblue coloured 1 x 6 ml/vial, blue cap Species of antibody is rance. ACYL-REAG Acylation reagent in DMS 1 x 3 ml/vial, white cap ADJUST-BUFF TRIS buffer 1 x 4 ml/vial, green cap TE-BUFF TE	Irenaline Antiserum – ready to use htibody in buffer with proteins and non-mercury preservative, bbit, species of protein in buffer is bovine sylation Reagent – ready to use SO Ijustment Buffer – ready to use	
BA E-5110 Content: Volume: Description: BA E-6612 Content: Volume: BA R-0050 Content: Volume: BA R-4617 Content:	ADR-AS Rabbit anti-adrenaline arblue coloured 1 x 6 ml/vial, blue cap Species of antibody is ra ACYL-REAG Acylation reagent in DMS 1 x 3 ml/vial, white cap ADJUST-BUFF TRIS buffer 1 x 4 ml/vial, green cap TE-BUFF TRIS-EDTA buffer 1 x 4 ml/vial, brown cap	Irenaline Antiserum – ready to use htibody in buffer with proteins and non-mercury preservative, bbit, species of protein in buffer is bovine sylation Reagent – ready to use SO Ijustment Buffer – ready to use	
BA E-5110 Content: Volume: Description: BA E-6612 Content: Volume: BA R-0050 Content: Volume: BA R-4617 Content: Volume:	ADR-AS Rabbit anti-adrenaline arblue coloured 1 x 6 ml/vial, blue cap Species of antibody is ra ACYL-REAG Acylation reagent in DMS 1 x 3 ml/vial, white cap ADJUST-BUFF TRIS buffer 1 x 4 ml/vial, green cap TE-BUFF TRIS-EDTA buffer 1 x 4 ml/vial, brown cap	Irenaline Antiserum – ready to use Intibody in buffer with proteins and non-mercury preservative, Intibody in buffer with proteins and non-mercury preservative, Intibody in buffer with proteins and non-mercury preservative, Intibody in buffer is bovine Intibody in buffer in buffer is bovine Intibody in buffer in buffer is bovine Intibody in buffer in buffer in buffer is bovine Intibody in buffer in buffer in buffer is bovine Intibody in buffer in buf	
BA E-5110 Content: Volume: Description: BA E-6612 Content: Volume: BA R-0050 Content: Volume: BA R-4617 Content: Volume: BA R-6611	ADR-AS Rabbit anti-adrenaline arblue coloured 1 x 6 ml/vial, blue cap Species of antibody is rance ACYL-REAG Acylation reagent in DMS 1 x 3 ml/vial, white cap ADJUST-BUFF TRIS buffer 1 x 4 ml/vial, green cap TE-BUFF TRIS-EDTA buffer 1 x 4 ml/vial, brown cap ACYL-BUFF Accylation reagent in DMS Accylation reagent in DMS TRIS buffer TRIS buffer Accylation reagent in DMS Accylation reagent in DMS TRIS buffer Accylation reagent in DMS Accylation reagent in DMS Accylation reagent in DMS Accylation reagent in DMS TRIS buffer Accylation reagent in DMS	Irenaline Antiserum – ready to use Intibody in buffer with proteins and non-mercury preservative, Intibody in buffer with proteins and non-mercury preservative, Intibody in buffer with proteins and non-mercury preservative, Intibody in buffer is bovine Intibody in buffer in buffer in buffer is bovine Intibody in buffer in buffer in buffer is bovine Intibody in buffer	

BA R-6614	COENZYME	Coenzyme – ready to use				
Content:	S-adenosyl-L-met	S-adenosyl-L-methionine				
Volume:	1 x 4 ml/vial, purp	1 x 4 ml/vial, purple cap				
BA R-6615	ENZYME	Enzyme – lyophilized				
Content:	Catechol-O-meth	yltransferase				
Volume:	4 vials, pink cap					
Description:	Catechol-O-meth	yltransferase from pig liver				
BA R-6618	EXTRACT-PLAT	E Extraction Plate – ready to use				
Content:	2 x 48 well plates	coated with boronate affinity gel in a resealable pouch				
BA R-6619	HCL	Hydrochloric Acid – ready to use				
Content:	0.025 M Hydroch	loric Acid, yellow coloured				
Volume:	1 x 20 ml/vial, dar	k green cap				

4.2 Calibration and Controls

Standards and Controls - ready to use

Cat. no.	Component	Colour/Cap	Concentration [ng/ml] ADR	Concentration [nmol/I] ADR	Volume/ Vial
BA R-5601	STANDARD A	white	0	0	4 ml
BA R-5602	STANDARD B	yellow	0.5	2.7	4 ml
BA R-5603	STANDARD C	orange	1.5	8.2	4 ml
BA R-5604	STANDARD D	blue	5	27	4 ml
BA R-5605	STANDARD E	grey	20	109	4 ml
BA R-5606	STANDARD F	black	80	437	4 ml
BA R-5651	CONTROL 1	green	Refer to QC-Report	•	4 ml
BA R-5652	CONTROL 2	red	and acceptable ran	ge.	4 ml
Conversion:	adrenaline [ng/m	nl] x 5.46 = adrer	naline [nmol/l]		
Content:	Acidic buffer with	n non-mercury st	tabilizer, spiked with o	defined quantity of ad	renaline.

4.3 Additional materials required but not provided in the kit

- Water (deionized, distilled, or ultra-pure)
- Absorbent material (paper towel)

4.4 Additional equipment required but not provided in the kit

- Calibrated precision pipettes to dispense volumes between 1 750 μl; 1 ml
- Microtiter plate washing device (manual, semi-automated or automated)
- ELISA reader capable of reading absorbance at 450 nm and if possible 620 650 nm
- Microtiter plate shaker (shaking amplitude 3 mm; approx. 600 rpm)
- Vortex mixer
- Temperature controlled incubator (37 °C) or similar heating device

5. Sample collection, handling and storage

Storage: up to 6 hours at 2-8 °C; for longer periods (up to 6 months) at -20 °C or -80 °C. *Advice for the preservation of the biological sample*: to prevent catecholamine degradation, add EDTA (final concentration 1 mM) and sodium metabisulfite (final concentration 4 mM) to the sample.

6. Test procedure

Allow all reagents and samples to reach room temperature and mix thoroughly by gentle inversion before use. Number the Microtiter Plate, Extraction Plate and microwell plates (Microtiter Strips which are removed from the frame for usage should be marked accordingly to avoid any mix-up). Duplicate determinations are recommended.

The binding of the antisera and of the enzyme conjugate and the activity of the enzyme are temperature dependent. The higher the temperature, the higher the absorption values will be. Varying incubation

times will have similar influences on the absorbance. The optimal temperature during the enzyme immunoassay is between 20 - 25 °C.

If the product is prepared in parts, unused wells in Extraction Plates should be covered to avoid contamination. After preparation, the used wells must be labelled to prevent double use.

During the overnight incubation at 2-8 °C with the antiserum, the temperature should be uniform all over the ELISA plate to avoid any drift and edge-effect.

In case of overflow, read the absorbance of the solution in the wells within 10 minutes, using a microplate reader set to 405 nm.

6.1 Preparation of reagents and further notes

Wash Buffer

Dilute the 20 ml Wash Buffer Concentrate **WASH-CONC 50X** with water to a final volume of 1000 ml. Storage: 2 months at 2 – 8 °C

Enzyme Solution

Reconstitute the content of the vial **ENZYME** with 1 ml water (deionized, distilled, or ultra-pure) and mix thoroughly. Add 0.3 ml of **COENZYME** followed by 0.7 ml of **ADJUST-BUFF**. The total volume of the Enzyme Solution is 2.0 ml.

The Enzyme Solution has to be prepared freshly prior to the assay (not longer than 10 – 15 minutes in advance). Discard after use!

Adrenaline Microtiter Strips

In rare cases residues of the blocking and stabilizing reagent can be seen in the wells as small, white dots or lines. These residues do not influence the quality of the product.

Acylation Reagent

The **ACYL-REAG** (BA E-6612) has a freezing point of 18.5 °C. To ensure that it is liquid when being used, it must be ensured that the Acylation Reagent has reached room temperature and forms a homogeneous, crystal-free solution before being used.

6.2 Sample preparation

The ADRENALINE high sensitive ELISA is a flexible test system for various biological sample types and volumes. It is not possible to give a general advice how to prepare the samples. However, the following basics should help the researcher to fit the protocol to his specific needs.

- Avoid excess of acid: excess of acid might exceed the buffer capacity of the extraction buffer.
 A pH > 7.0 during the extraction is mandatory.
- Prevent adrenaline degradation by adding preservatives to the sample (see *Sample collection, handling and storage*).
- Avoid chaotropic chemicals like perchloric acid. The high salt content might reduce the recovery of adrenaline. If your samples already contain high amounts of perchloric acid, neutralize the sample prior to the extraction step.
- Tissue samples can be homogenised in 0.01 N HCI in the presence of EDTA and sodium metabisulfite. Under these conditions, adrenaline is positively charged which reduces binding to proteins and optimizes solubility.
- Avoid samples that contain substances with a cis-diol structure. These will reduce the recovery of adrenaline.
- It is advisable to perform a "Proof of Principle" to determine the recovery of adrenaline in your samples. Prepare a stock solution of adrenaline. Add small amounts (to change the native sample matrix as less as possible) of the stock solutions to the sample matrix and check the recovery.
- The used sample volume determines the sensitivity of this test. Determine the sample volume needed to determine the adrenaline in your sample by testing different amounts of sample volume.

If you need any support in establishing a protocol for your specific purposes, do not hesitate to contact the manufacturer directly!

6.3 Extraction and acylation

The ADRENALINE high sensitive ELISA offers a flexible test system for various biological sample types and volumes. Step 1 of the extraction procedure depends on the sample volume:

- in case you have sample volumes between 1 100 µl follow 1.1
- in case you have sample volumes between 100 500 µl follow 1.2
- in case you have sample volumes between 500 750 μl follow 1.3

 $ilde{\mathbb{N}}$ Within a run it is only possible to measure samples with the same volume!

1. 1.1 Sample volume 1 – 100 µl

Pipette into the respective wells of the EXTRACT-PLATE 48: 10 µl standards, 10 µl controls and 1 – 100 µl sample.

Fill up each well with water (deionized, distilled, or ultra-pure) to a **final volume** of 100 µl [e.g. 10 µl standard plus 90 µl water (deionized, distilled, or ultra-pure)].

1.2 Sample volume 100 – 500 μl

Pipette into the respective wells of the EXTRACT-PLATE 48:

10 µl standards,

10 µl controls and

100 – 500 µl sample.

Fill up each well with water (deionized, distilled, or ultrapure) to a **final volume** of 500 µl [e.g. 10 µl standard plus 490 µl water (deionized, distilled, or ultra-pure)].

1.3

Sample volume 500 - 750 µl

Pipette into the respective wells of the EXTRACT-PLATE 48:

10 µl standards,

10 µl controls and

500 - 750 µl sample.

Fill up each well with water (deionized, distilled, or ultra-pure) to a **final volume** of 750 µl [e.g. 10 µl standard plus 740 µl water (deionized, distilled, or ultra-pure)].

- 2. Pipette 25 µI of TE-BUFF into all wells.
- 3. Cover the plate with FOILS. Shake 60 min at RT (20 25 °C) on a shaker (approx. 600 rpm).
- **4.** Remove the foil and empty the plate. Blot dry by tapping the inverted plate on absorbent material.
- 5. Pipette 1 ml of Wash Buffer into all wells.
- **6.** Shake **5 min** at **RT** (20 25 °C) on a **shaker** (approx. 600 rpm).
- 7. Blot dry by tapping the inverted plate on absorbent material.
- 8. Wash one more time as described (step 5, 6 and 7)!
- 9. Pipette 150 μI of ACYL-BUFF into all wells.
- 10. Pipette 25 µI of ACYL-REAG into all wells.
- 11. Shake 20 min at RT (20 25 °C) on a shaker (approx. 600 rpm).
- 12. Empty the plate and blot dry by tapping the inverted plate on absorbent material.
- 13. Pipette 1 ml of Wash Buffer into all wells.
- **14.** Shake **5 min** at **RT** (20 25 °C) on a **shaker** (approx. 600 rpm).
- 15. Blot dry by tapping the inverted plate on absorbent material.
- **16.** Wash one more time as described (step 13, 14, 15).
- 17. Pipette 100 µl of HCL into all wells.
- **18.** Cover plate with **FOILS**. Shake **10 min** at **RT** (20 25 °C) on a **shaker** (approx. 600 rpm).
- ♠ Do not decant the supernatant thereafter!

90 µl of the supernatant is needed for the subsequent enzymatic conversion.

6.4 Enzymatic Conversion

- 1. Pipette 90 μl of the extracted standards, controls and samples into the respective wells of the Microtiter Plate Ψ 96.
- 2. Add 25 µl of Enzyme Solution (refer to 6.1) to all wells.
- 3. Cover plate with FOILS. Shake 1 min at RT (20 25 °C) on a shaker (approx. 600 rpm) to mix.
- **4.** Incubate for **2 h** at **37 °C**. The following volumes of the supernatants are needed for the subsequent ELISA:

Adrenaline 100 µl

6.5 Adrenaline ELISA

- 1. Pipette 100 μl of standards, controls and samples from the Enzyme Plate (refer to 6.4) into the respective pre-coated Adrenaline Microtiter Strips Δ ADR MN.
- 2. Pipette 50 µl of the respective ADR-AS into all wells.
- 3. Cover the plate with FOILS. Shake 1 min at RT (20 25 °C) on a shaker (approx. 600 rpm).
- 4. Incubate for 15 20 h (overnight) at 2 8 °C.
- 5. Remove the foil. Discard or aspirate the content of the wells. Wash the plate 4 x by adding 300 μ l of Wash Buffer, discarding the content and blotting dry each time by tapping the inverted plate on absorbent material.
- 6. Pipette 100 μl of CONJUGATE into all wells.
- 7. Incubate 30 min at RT $(20 25 \, ^{\circ}\text{C})$ on a shaker (approx. 600 rpm).
- 8. Discard or aspirate the content of the wells. Wash the plate $4 \times 10^{\circ}$ x by adding $300 \ \mu 1$ of Wash Buffer, discarding the content and blotting dry each time by tapping the inverted plate on absorbent material.
- 9. Pipette 100 µl of SUBSTRATE into all wells.
- **10.** Incubate **20 30 min** at **RT** (20 25 °C) on a **shaker** (approx. 600 rpm).
- Avoid exposure to direct sunlight!
- 11. Pipette 100 μI of STOP-SOLN into all wells.
- **12. Read** the absorbance of the solution in the wells within 10 minutes, using a microplate reader set to **450 nm** (if available a reference wavelength between 620 nm and 650 nm is recommended).

7. Calculation of results

The standard curve, which can be used to determine the concentration of the unknown samples, is obtained by plotting the absorbance readings (calculate the mean absorbance) of the standards (linear, y-axis) against the corresponding standard concentrations (logarithmic, x-axis) using a concentration of 0.001 ng/ml for Standard A (this alignment is mandatory because of the logarithmic presentation of the data). Use non-linear regression for curve fitting (e.g. 4-parameter, marquardt).

This assay is a competitive assay. This means: the OD-values are decreasing with increasing concentrations of the analyte. OD-values found below the standard curve correspond to high concentrations of the analyte in the sample and have to be reported as being positive.

The concentrations of the samples taken from the standard curve have to be multiplied by a correction factor.

Correction factor =

10 µl (volume of standards extracted)
sample volume (µl) extracted

Example

750 µl of the sample is extracted and the concentration taken from the standard curve is 0.45 ng/ml adrenaline.

Correction factor = 10/750 = 0.013

Concentration of the sample = 0.45 ng/ml x 0.013 = 0.006 ng/ml = 6 pg/ml adrenaline

Conversion:

Adrenaline $[ng/ml] \times 5.46 = Adrenaline [nmol/l]$

7.1 Quality control

The confidence limits of the kit controls are indicated on the QC-Report.

8. Assay characteristics

Sensitivity (Limit of Detection)		
Adrenaline	0.25 ng/ml x C*	

C* = Correction factor (refer to 7.)

Analytical Sensitivity (750 µl undiluted sample)			
Adrenaline	3.3 pg/ml		

Functional Sensitivity (750 μl undiluted sample)		
Adrenaline	5 pg/ml	

Analytical Specificity (Cross Reactivity)				
Culatanas	Cross Reactivity [%]			
Substance	Adrenaline			
Derivatized Adrenaline	100			
Derivatized Noradrenaline	0.20			
Derivatized Dopamine	< 0.0007			
Metanephrine	0.64			
Normetanephrine	0.0009			
3-Methoxytyramine	< 0.0007			
3-Methoxy-4-hydroxyphenylglycol	0.03			
Tyramine	< 0.0007			
Phenylalanine, Caffeinic acid, L-Dopa, Homovanillic acid, Tyrosine, 3-Methoxy-4-hydroxymandelic acid	< 0.0007			

Precision							
Intra-Assay Human EDTA-Plasma							
Sample Mean ± 3 SD [pg/ml] SD [pg/ml] CV [%							
Adrenaline	high	1,329.3 ± 372.6	124.2	9.3			
	medium	412.1 ± 129.6	43.2	10.5			
	low	37.9 ± 19.5	6.5	17.1			

Precision							
Intra-Assay Cell Culture Medium (RPMI)							
Sample Mean ± 3 SD [pg/ml] SD [pg/ml] CV [%]							
Adrenaline	high	1,649.6 ± 555.0	185	11.2			
	medium	526.2 ± 186.6	62.2	11.8			
	low	38.7 ± 18.9	6.3	16.3			

Recovery Adrenaline							
	Mean [%]	Range [%]	SD [%]	CV [%]			
Human EDTA-Plasma	104.0	89.4 – 128.3	13.1	12.6			
Cell Culture Medium	95.5	81.6 – 109.6	8.3	8.7			

riangle For literature or any other information please contact your local supplier.

The liability of the manufacturer shall be limited to the replacement of defective products. The manufacturer takes no liability for any damages or expenses arising directly or indirectly from the use of this product.

SYMBOLS USED WITH DEMEDITEC ASSAYS

Symbol	English	Deutsch	Française	Espanol	Italiano
((European Conformity	CE-Konformitäts- kennzeichnung	Conforme aux normes européennes	Conformidad europea	Conformità europea
[·ii]	Consult instructions for use	Gebrauchsanweisung beachten	Consulter les instructions d'utilisation	Consulte las Instrucciones	Consultare le istruzioni per l'uso
IVD	In vitro diagnostic device	In-vitro-Diagnostikum	utilisation Diagnostic in vitro	Diagnóstico in vitro	Per uso Diagnostica in vitro
RUO	For research use only	Nur für Forschungszwecke	Seulement dans le cadre de recherches	Sólo para uso en investigación	Solo a scopo di ricerca
REF	Catalogue number	Katalog-Nr.	Référence	Número de catálogo	No. di catalogo
LOT	Lot. No. / Batch code	Chargen-Nr.	No. de lot	Número de lote	Lotto no
Σ	Contains sufficient for <n> tests/</n>	Ausreichend für "n" Ansätze	Contenu suffisant pour "n" tests	Contenido suficiente para <n> ensayos</n>	Contenuto sufficiente per "n" saggi
\triangle	Note warnings and precautions	Warnhinweise und Vorsichtsmaßnahmen beachten	Avertissements et mesures de précaution font attention	Tiene en cuenta advertencias y precauciones	Annoti avvisi e le precauzioni
1	Storage Temperature	Lagerungstemperatur	Température de conservation	Temperatura de conservacion	Temperatura di conservazione
\square	Expiration Date	Mindesthaltbarkeits- datum	Date limite d'utilisation	Fecha de caducidad	Data di scadenza
***	Legal Manufacturer	Hersteller	Fabricant	Fabricante	Fabbricante
Distributed by	Distributed by	Vertrieb durch	Distribution par	Distribución por	Distribuzione da parte di
V <x></x>	Version	Version	Version	Versión	Versione
2	Single-use	Einmalverwendung	À usage unique	Uso único	Uso una volta